Duke University Edmund T. Pratt, Jr. School of Engineering

EGR 53L Spring 2005 Test I Michael R. Gustafson II

Name (please print)

In keeping with the Community Standard, I have neither provided nor received any assistance on this test. I understand if it is later determined that I gave or received assistance, I will be brought before the Undergraduate Judicial Board and, if found responsible for academic dishonesty or academic contempt, fail the class. I also understand that I am not allowed to speak to anyone except the instructor about any aspect of this test until the instructor announces it is allowed. I understand if it is later determined that I did speak to another person about the test before the instructor said it was allowed, I will be brought before the Undergraduate Judicial Board and, if found responsible for academic dishonesty or academic contempt, fail the class.

Signature:

Problem I: [15 pts.] Relational and Logical Operators

Given the following Matlab commands:

$$A = 1:5$$

 $B = 6:-2:-3$

Show what each variable below will become. For purposes of earning partial credit in the event of an incorrect response, you may also choose to write a brief description of what is happening in each command.

(a)
$$C = (A+B) < 5$$

(b) D = A + (B < 5)

(c)
$$E = ((A.*B) > = 5)\&(B < 0)$$

(d) $F = \sim ((A > 3) \mid \sim (B = 4 \mid B < 1))$

Problem II: [20 pts.] Basic Programming

Given the following equation:

$$q = \sin(a) * \frac{\log_{10}(b) + \sqrt{cd}}{\pi^2}$$

where a, b, c, and d are 1x1 numerical matrices and a is in degrees, write a Matlab script that will follow the rules below:

- (1) The program should issue a statement that the function is invalid if b is 0, and in that case should not even calculate q.
- (2) The program should issue a statement that q will be complex if b is negative or if the product of c and d is negative (assuming non-zero b), but it should still calculate and display q.
- (3) In all other cases, the program should simply calculate and display q.

Hint: the easiest way to display the answer is to just not put a ; at the end of the line. The diary below gives examples of the cases above. Note that the values for a, b, c, and d are assumed to have been already entered.

```
>>a=1; b=0; c=3; d=4; GetQ
Cannot calculate when b is 0
>> a=1; b=-2; c=3; d=4; GetQ
Warning: calculation is complex
q =
        0.0067 + 0.0024i
>> a=1; b=2; c=-3; d=4; GetQ
Warning: calculation is complex
q =
        0.0005 + 0.0061i
>> a=1; b=2; c=3; d=4; GetQ
q =
        0.0067
```

Problem III: [20 pts.] Matrix Creation and Manipulation

For each of the following sections, either write the Matlab command required or answer the questions. Note that for the coding, efficiency will matter.

- (a) Create a 3x4 matrix named mat that contains random integers between with values distributed between 1 and 6.
- (b) Starting from mat, create a new matrix named OddCols which contains only the odd numbered columns from mat. An example is given below:

		[1	4	6	3		[1	6
if	mat =	2	5	5	2	then $OddCols =$	2	5
		3	6	4	1		3	4

- (c) What are the results of the following commands? Describe each in words.
 - 1) mat2 = mat 2) mat2(4,4) = 6 3) mat3 = mat2(5,5)

(d) Write a line of code that will convert the matrix from a 3x4 matrix into a 12x1 matrix by putting the columns, one after the other, underneath each other. This matrix should be called OneCol For example, using mat above, OneCol would be

[1; 2; 3; 4; 5; 6; 6; 5; 4; 3; 2; 1]

(e) Write a line of code that will calculate the sum of the squares of the values in mat and call it DicePower. For example, given the values in mat above, DicePower would be 182.

Problem IV: [15 pts.] UNIX

For the first task below, assume that you have just logged into a UNIX station and just started a terminal window. For each successive line, assume the lines above it have already been completed.

- (a) Create a directory called MyStuff in your home directory
- (b) Change into your MyStuff directory the rest of the commands below assume you are in your MyStuff directory.
- (c) Create a directory called Recitations in your MyStuff directory
- (d) Create a directory called LabReportz in your MyStuff directory
- (e) Copy all files from Dr. G's ~mrg/public/MFiles directory into your LabReportz directory
- (f) Move all files that end in .rec from your LabReportz directory into your Recitations directory
- (g) Delete all files ending in .old from both directories using only one command
- (h) Rename your LabReportz directory to LabReports

Problem V: [20 pts.] MATLAB Coding

You are going to write a program called GoMath.m that allows Matlab to understand rudimentary English commands for basic mathematics. Specifically, your code is going to ask for three things - a number, a phrase, and a number. The phrase should be either plus, times, or minus. Your program should determine which operation the user wants to perform and calculate a variable MyOutput based on that. If the user inputs a phrase that is not known, then the program should state Phrase unknown. A sample diary is shown below, and you can most likely fit your code to the right of the diary:

```
>> GoMath
Enter a number: 1
Enter a phrase: plus
Enter another number: 2
MyOutput =
     3
>> GoMath
Enter a number: 1
Enter a phrase: minus
Enter another number: 2
MyOutput =
    -1
>> GoMath
Enter a number: 1
Enter a phrase: times
Enter another number: 2
MyOutput =
     2
>> GoMath
Enter a number: 1
Enter a phrase: divided by
Enter another number: 2
Phrase unknown
```

Problem VI: [10 pts.] LATEX Processing

Assuming you have written a file named MyFile.tex, give the proper UNIX commands needed to:

- (a) Process MyFile.tex using LATEX to produce a .dvi file
- (b) Preview the MyFile.dvi file
- (c) Create a PostScript file named MyPS.ps from MyFile.dvi
- (d) Preview the MyPS.ps file
- (e) Send MyPS.ps to the printer