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EGR 224 Spring 2021 Test I


Submitting your work for a grade implies agreement with the following: In keeping with the Community Standard, I have neither provided nor received any assistance on this test. I understand if it is later determined that I gave or received assistance, I will be brought before the Undergraduate Conduct Board and, if found responsible for academic dishonesty or academic contempt, fail the class. I also understand that I am not allowed to communicate with anyone except the instructor about any aspect of this test until the instructor announces it is allowed. I understand if it is later determined that I did communicate with another person about the test before the instructor said it was allowed, I will be brought before the Undergraduate Conduct Board and, if found responsible for academic dishonesty or academic contempt, fail the class.

## Instructions

The test is open book, open class notes (yours and mine), open Sakai page for this class, and open Pundit. No other resources are allowed. If you have a question about whether something is allowed, ask the instructor. Be sure that you are in a place where you can work undisturbed for the duration of the test. If a situation arises that disrupts your work, let the instructor know - you will be allowed to pause the clock and resume work later. The Start Time above should be when you first started working on the test (after saving it, printing it out, etc.) and the End Time should be when you stopped doing work on the test and started working on scanning / photographing and uploading it.

Please be sure that your name and NetID are clearly written at the top of every page. If you need more space for a particular problem or want to show more work, put that work on its own piece of paper, clearly write your name, NetID, and the problem number (in either Arabic or Roman numerals) at the top center of that page and submit those extra pages in problem-order after all preprinted pages of the test. Also, in the box for the problem, write a note that says "see extra page."

You will be turning your test into Gradescope. Carefully scan or photograph the test pages in order (with any additional pages properly labeled and after all the original test pages) and make a PDF of the scans / photographs. When you upload the PDF, you will also need to indicate where the answer for each problem is. Be sure to indicate all pages with answers to a given problem.

Note that there may be people taking the test after you, so you are not allowed to talk about the test - even to people outside of this class - until I send along the OK. This includes talking about the specific problem types, how long it took you, how hard you thought it was - really anything. Please maintain the integrity of this test.

You may use the $\|$ symbol for resistances in parallel and do not need to expand that construction unless you are required to determine a numerical answer. Be clear with your use of parentheses; simply writing something like

$$
R_{\mathrm{eq}}=R_{1}+R_{2} \| R_{3}+R_{4}
$$

is too vague since it could refer to any of the four combinations below:


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## Problem I: [25 pts.] Basics

(1) For the following circuit:

clearly show voltage division to obtain expressions for $v_{\mathrm{w}}$ and $v_{\mathrm{x}}$ in terms of the resistors and $v_{\mathrm{s}}$.
(2) For the following circuit:

clearly show current division to obtain expressions for $i_{\mathrm{y}}$ and $i_{\mathrm{z}}$ in terms of the resistors and $i_{\mathrm{q}}$.

You are given a box with two wires sticking out of it labeled $A$ and $B$. You are told the box contains one 1.5 V battery and three $2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ resistors, all connected together somehow. You are not allowed to look in the box. If you hook up an ideal voltmeter between the wires, (internal resistance of $\infty$ ) you read a voltage drop of 0.5 V going from terminal $A$ to terminal $B$. If you hook up an ideal ammeter between the wires (internal resistance of 0 V ), you read a current of $375 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ between the terminals.
(3) Draw the Thévenin equivalent circuit for what might be inside the box. Be sure to clearly indicate where nodes $A$ and $B$ are and label the elements in the box with values.
(4) For the same box, what resistor value could you place between the terminals as a load to get the maximum power transferred to the load? What is the power absorbed by that resistor?
(5) For the same box, how are the four elements (the 1.5 V battery and the three $2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ resistors) actually connected? Be sure to indicate where terminals $A$ and $B$ are.

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Problem II: [15 pts.] Conservation
Given the block diagram below and the labeled quantities, fill out the table's missing entries for sign convention (A or $\mathbf{P}$ ), voltage measurement, current measurement, and power absorbed. Put any work below the table.


| Element | Conv. | Voltage $v, \mathrm{~V}$ | Current $i, \mathrm{~A}$ | Power Absorbed $p_{\mathrm{abs}}, \mathrm{W}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A |  | 15 |  |  |
| B |  |  | 3 |  |
| C |  |  |  | 10 |
| D |  |  | 2 |  |
| E |  | -2 |  |  |

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## Problem III: [20 pts.] Node Voltage Method

Given the following circuit:

and assuming that constants $b$ and $d$, the values for the passive elements ( $R_{1}$ through $R_{4}$ ), and the values for the independent sources ( $i_{\mathrm{a}}$ and $v_{\mathrm{b}}$ ) are known,
(1) Clearly demonstrate the use of the Node Voltage Method in labeling unknowns for the circuit and in determining a complete set of linearly independent equations that could be used to solve for these unknowns. Clearly label the circuit and then write the list of unknowns and the equations needed to solve them.
(2) Assuming you are able to solve for those unknowns, write expressions for the following:

- $p_{\mathrm{abs}, R_{4}}=$
$\square$
- $p_{\text {del, CCCS }}=$
$\square$
- $p_{\text {del, } \mathrm{VCVS}}=$
$\square$

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## Problem IV: [20 pts.] Branch / Mesh Current Method

Given the following circuit:

and assuming that constants $b$ and $d$, the values for the passive elements ( $R_{1}$ through $R_{4}$ ), and the values for the independent sources ( $i_{\mathrm{a}}$ and $v_{\mathrm{b}}$ ) are known,
(1) Clearly demonstrate the use of either the Branch or Mesh Current Method in labeling unknowns for the circuit and in determining a complete set of linearly independent equations that could be used to solve for these unknowns. Clearly label the circuit and then write the list of unknowns and the equations needed to solve them.
(2) Assuming you are able to solve for those unknowns, write expressions for the following:

- $p_{\mathrm{abs}, R_{4}}=$
$\square$
- $p_{\mathrm{del}, \mathrm{CCCS}}=$
$\square$
- $p_{\text {del, } \mathrm{VCVS}}=$
$\square$

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## Problem V: [20 pts.] Thévenin/Norton

Note: for the problem below you must fully solve expressions for any variables that are unknown; you cannot simply leave unsolved systems of equations. You do not, however, need to simplify any compound fractions, nor do you need to expand any use of the parallel resistance symbol discussed on the cover page. Furthermore, once a variable is fully solved in terms of known values, that variable can also be considered "known" - you do not need to back-substitute. Given the following circuit:

and assuming that the values for the passive elements $\left(R_{1}, R_{2}, R_{3}\right)$, the value for the source $\left(i_{\mathrm{s}}\right)$, and the value for the constant $r$ are known,
(1) Find expressions for $v_{\mathrm{Th}}, i_{\mathrm{N}}$, and $R_{\mathrm{Th}}$, then draw both the Thévenin and the Norton equivalent circuits with respect to terminals $\alpha$ and $\beta$ in terms of the known values. Be sure to show your process clearly and indicate where $\alpha$ and $\beta$ are in your equivalent circuit drawings.
(2) Assuming $v_{\mathrm{Th}}, i_{\mathrm{N}}$, and $R_{\mathrm{Th}}$ are known, determine the value of the load resistance $R_{\mathrm{L}}$ that could be placed between terminals $\alpha$ and $\beta$ that would maximize the power transferred to that load. Also determine the power transferred to that load.

